I MINA'TRENTAI TRES NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2016 (SECOND) Regular Session

Bill No.291 - 33 (COR)

Introduced by:

Mary Camacho Torres #

AN ACT TO *ADD* A NEW CHAPTER 39A, TO ARTICLE 3, TITLE 7, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CUSTODY AND VISITATION OF DEPLOYED MILITARY PARENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM

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Section 1. Legislative Findings Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that the Uniform Deployed Parents Custody and Visitation Act (UDPCVA) addresses the wide variability in the ways that states handle child custody and visitation issues that arise when service members are deployed. Over 16,000 Servicemembers, comprised of Active Duty, Reserve, National Guard, Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps and Navy service their nation here on Guam. The operational tempo remains high for our military members and they are frequently called upon by our nation to deploy, leaving their homes for lengthy periods of time to fulfill their

Many of our Servicemembers are parents and, like many families, have child custody and visitation issues that they deal with on a daily basis. Because of the mobile nature of military service, and because a child's other parent will often live in or move to a different state than the deployed service member, bringing the child

1	with them, the	re are many times that that these custody issues involve two or more
2	states. Yet di	fferent states now apply very different substantive law and court
3	procedures fro	m one another when custody issues arise on a parent's deployment.
4	The resulting	patchwork of rules makes it difficult for the parents to resolve these
5	important issu	es quickly and fairly, hurts the ability of deploying parents to serve
6	the country e	ffectively, and interferes with the best interest of children. The
7	UDPCVA pro	vides uniform, expeditious, and fair disposition of cases involving the
8	custody rights	of a member of the military. The UDPCVA ensures a proper balance
9	of interests—	protecting the rights of the servicemember, the other parent, and,
10	above all, the l	pest interest of the children involved.
11	Section	2. A new Chapter 39A is hereby added to Title 7 Guam Annotated
12	Code, to read a	as follows:
13		"CHAPTER 39A
14	UNIFORM	DEPLOYED PARENTS CUSTODY AND VISITATION ACT
15		ARTICLE 1
16		General Provisions
17	§ 39A101.	Short Title.
18	§ 39A102.	Definitions.
19	§ 39A103.	Remedies for Noncompliance.
20	§ 39A104.	Jurisdiction.
21	§ 39A105.	Notification Required of Deploying Parent.
22	§ 39A106.	Duty to Notify of Change of Address.
23	§ 39A107.	General Consideration in Custody Proceeding of Parent's
24		Military Service.
25		ARTICLE 2
26	AGREEME	NT ADDRESSING CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY DURING
27		DEPLOYMENT

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1	§ 39A201.	Form of Agreement.
2	§ 39A202.	Nature of Authority Created by Agreement.
3	§ 39A203.	Modification of Agreement.
4	§ 39A204.	Power of Attorney.
5	§ 39A205.	Filing Agreement of Power of Attorney with Court.
6		ARTICLE 3
7	JUDICIAL PR	OCEDURE FOR GRANTING CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY
8		DURING DEPLOYMENT
9	§39A301.	Definition.
10	§ 39A302.	Proceeding for Temporary Custody Order.
<u> </u>	§ 39A303.	Expedited Hearing.
12	§ 39A304.	Testimony by Electronic Means.
13	§ 39A305.	Effect of Prior Judicial Order or Agreement.
14	§ 39A306.	Grant of Caretaking or Decision-Making Authority to Non-
15		Parent.
16		ARTICLE 4
17		RETURN FROM DEPLOYMENT
18	§ 39A401.	Procedure for Terminating Temporary Grant of Custodial
19		Responsibility Established by Agreement.
20	§ 39A402.	Consent Procedure for Terminating Temporary Grant of
21		Custodial Responsibility Established by Court Order.
22	§ 39A403.	Visitation Before Termination of Temporary Grant of Custodial
23		Responsibility.
24	§ 39A404.	Termination by Operation of Law of temporary Grant of
25		Custodial Responsibility Established by Court Order.
26		ARTICLE 5
27		MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

1	§ 39A501.	Uniformity of Application and Construction.
2	§ 39A502.	Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National
3		Commerce Act.
4	§ 39A503.	Savings Clause.
5		
6	§ 39A101. Shor	t Title. Sections 2 through 33, inclusive, of this Act shall be
7	known and may b	be cited as the Uniform Deployed Parents Custody and Visitation
8	Act (UDPCVA).	
9	§ 39A102. Defin	itions.
10	(a) Adult m	neans an individual who has attained eighteen (18) years of age or
1	an emancipated n	ninor.
12	(b) Careta	king authority means the right to live with and care for a child on
13	a day-to day basi	s. The term includes physical custody, parenting time, right to
14	access, and visita	tion.
15	(c) Child n	neans:
16	(1) a	an unemancipated individual who has not attained eighteen (18)
17	years of ag	e; or
18	(2) a	in adult son or daughter by birth or adoption, or under law of this
19	state other	than this act, who is the subject of a court order concerning
20	custodial re	esponsibility.
21	(d) Court r	means a tribunal, including an administrative agency, authorized
22	under law of Gua	m other than this act to make, enforce, or modify a decision
23	regarding custodi	al responsibility.
24	(e) Custoda	ial responsibility includes all powers and duties relating to
25	caretaking author	rity and decision-making authority for a child. The term includes
26	physical custody,	legal custody, parenting time, right to access, visitation, and
27	authority to grant	limited contact with a child.

1	(f) Decision-making authority means the power to make important decisions
2	regarding a child, including decisions regarding the child's education, religious
3	training, health care, extracurricular activities, and travel. The term does not
4	include the power to make decisions that necessarily accompany a grant of
5	caretaking authority.
6	(g) Deploying parent means a service member, who is deployed or has been
7	notified of impending deployment and is:
8	(1) a parent of a child under law of this state other than this act; or
9	(2) an individual who has custodial responsibility for a child under
10	law of this state other than this act;
11	(h) Deployment means the movement or mobilization of a service member
12	for more than ninety (90) days, but less than eighteen (18) months pursuant to
13	uniformed service orders that:
14	(1) are designated as unaccompanied;
15	(2) do not authorize dependent travel; or
16	(3) otherwise do not permit the movement of family members to the
17	location to which the service member is deployed.
18	(i) Family member means a sibling, aunt, uncle, cousin, stepparent,
19	grandparent, or legal guardian of a child or an individual recognized to be in a
20	familial relationship with a child under law of this state other than this act.
21	(j) Limited contact means the authority of a nonparent to visit a child for a
22	limited time. The term includes authority to take the child to a place other than the
23	residence of the child.
24	(k) Nonparent means an individual other than a deploying parent or other
25	parent.
26	(l) Other parent means an individual who, in common with a deploying
27	parent, is:

1	(1) a parent of a child under law of this state other than this act; or
2	(2) an individual who has custodial responsibility for a child under
3	law of this state other than this [act].
4	(m) Record means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that
5	is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
6	(n) Return from deployment means the conclusion of a service member's
7	deployment as specified in uniformed service orders.
8	(o) Service member means a member of a uniformed service.
9	(p) Sign means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
10	(1) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
11	(2) to attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic
12	symbol, sound, or process.
13	(q) State means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia,
14	American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas Islands, Puerto Rico, the United
15	States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the
16	jurisdiction of the United States.
17	(r) Uniformed service means:
18	(1) active and reserve components of the Army, Navy, Air Force,
19	Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States;
20	(2) the United States Merchant Marine;
21	(3) the commissioned corps of the United States Public Health
22	Service;
23	(4) the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
24	Administration of the United States; or
25	(5) the National Guard of a state or U.S Territory or Possession.
26	§ 39A103. Remedies for Noncompliance. In addition to other remedies under
27	law of Guam other than this act, if a court finds that a party to a proceeding under

- 1 this act has acted in bad faith or intentionally failed to comply with this act or a
- 2 court order issued under this act, the court may assess reasonable attorney's fees
- and costs against the party and order other appropriate relief.

§39A104. Jurisdiction.

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- (a) A court may issue an order regarding custodial responsibility under this
 act only if the court has jurisdiction under the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction
 and Enforcement Act.
- 8 (b) If a court has issued a temporary order regarding custodial responsibility
 9 pursuant to Article 3, the residence of the deploying parent is not changed by
 10 reason of the deployment for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody
 11 Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act during the deployment.
 - (c) If a court has issued a permanent order regarding custodial responsibility before notice of deployment and the parents modify that order temporarily by agreement pursuant to Article 2, the residence of the deploying parent is not changed by reason of the deployment for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.
 - (d) If a court in another state has issued a temporary order regarding custodial responsibility as a result of impending or current deployment, the residence of the deploying parent is not changed by reason of the deployment for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.
- 21 (e) This section does not prevent a court from exercising temporary 22 emergency jurisdiction under the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and 23 Enforcement Act.

§ 39A105. Notification Required of Deploying Parent.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) and subject to subsection
 (c), a deploying parent shall notify in a record the other parent of a pending
 deployment not later than seven (7) days after receiving notice of deployment

- 1 unless reasonably prevented from doing so by the circumstances of service. If the
- 2 circumstances of service prevent giving notification within
- 3 the seven (7) days, the deploying parent shall give the notification as soon as
- 4 reasonably possible.
- 5 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) and subject to subsection
- 6 (c), each parent shall provide in a record the other parent with a plan for fulfilling
- 7 that parent's share of custodial responsibility during deployment. Each parent
- 8 shall provide the plan as soon as reasonably possible after notification of
- 9 deployment is given under subsection (a).
- 10 (c) Disclosure of addresses and contact information *shall* comply with 19
- 11 GCA §§ 5122-5123. If a court order currently in effect prohibits disclosure of the
- 12 address or contact information of the other parent, notification of deployment
- under subsection (a), or notification of a plan for custodial responsibility during
- deployment under subsection (b), may be made only to the issuing court. If the
- address of the other parent is available to the issuing court, the court shall forward
- 16 the notification to the other parent. The court shall keep confidential the address or
- 17 contact information of the other parent.
- (d) Notification in a record under subsection (a) or (b) is not required if the
- 19 parents are living in the same residence and both parents have actual notice of the
- 20 deployment or plan.
- (e) In a proceeding regarding custodial responsibility, a court may consider
- 22 the reasonableness of a parent's efforts to comply with this section.
- § 39A106. Duty to Notify of Change of Address.
- 24 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), an individual to whom
- 25 custodial responsibility has been granted during deployment pursuant to Articles 2
- or 3 shall notify the deploying parent and any other individual with custodial
- 27 responsibility of a child of any change of the individual's mailing address or

1	residence until the grant is terminated. The individual shall provide the notice to
2	any court that has issued a custody or child support order concerning the child
3	which is in effect.
4	(b) If a court order currently in effect prohibits disclosure of the address or
5	contact information of an individual to whom custodial responsibility has been
6	granted, a notification under subsection (a) may be made only to the court that
7	issued the order. The court shall keep confidential the mailing address or residence
8	of the individual to whom custodial responsibility has been granted.
9	§ 39A107. General Consideration in Custody Proceeding of Parent's Military
10	Service. In a proceeding for custodial responsibility of a child of a service
11	member, a court may not consider a parent's past deployment or possible future
12	deployment in itself in determining the best interest of the child but may consider
13	any significant impact on the best interest of the child of the parent's past or
14	possible future deployment.
15	ARTICLE 2.
16	AGREEMENT ADDRESSING CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY DURING
17	DEPLOYMENT.
18	§ 39A201. Form of Agreement.
19	(a) The parents of a child may enter into a temporary agreement under this
20	article granting custodial responsibility during deployment.
21	(b) An agreement under subsection (a) must be:
22	(1) in writing; and
23	(2) signed by both parents and any nonparent to whom custodial
24	responsibility is granted.
25	(c) Subject to subsection (d), an agreement under subsection (a), if feasible,
26	must:

1	(1) identify the destination, duration, and conditions of the
2	deployment that is the basis for the agreement;
3	(2) specify the allocation of caretaking authority among the deploying
4	parent, the other parent, and any nonparent;
5	(3) specify any decision-making authority that accompanies a grant of
6	caretaking authority;
7	(4) specify any grant of limited contact to a nonparent;
8	(5) if under the agreement custodial responsibility is shared by the
9	other parent and a nonparent, or by other nonparents, provide a process to
10	resolve any dispute that may arise;
Quincom)	(6) specify the frequency, duration, and means, including electronic
12	means, by which the deploying parent will have contact with the child, any
13	role to be played by the other parent in facilitating the contact, and the
14	allocation of any costs of contact;
15	(7) specify the contact between the deploying parent and child during
16	the time the deploying parent is on leave or is otherwise available;
17	(8) acknowledge that any party's child-support obligation cannot be
18	modified by the agreement, and that changing the terms of the obligation
19	during deployment requires modification in the appropriate court;
20	(9) provide that the agreement will terminate according to the
21	procedures under Article 4 after the deploying parent returns from
22	deployment; and
23	(10) if the agreement must be filed pursuant to § 39A205, specify
24	which parent is required to file the agreement.
25	(d) The omission of any of the items specified in subsection (c) does not
26	invalidate an agreement under this section.
27	§ 39A202. Nature of Authority Created by Agreement.

- 1 (a) An agreement under this article is temporary and terminates pursuant to
- 2 Article 4 after the deploying parent returns from deployment, unless the agreement
- 3 has been terminated before that time by court order or modification under
- 4 §39A203. The agreement does not create an independent, continuing right to
- 5 caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact in an individual
- 6 to whom custodial responsibility is given.
- 7 (b) A nonparent who has caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or
- 8 limited contact by an agreement under this article has standing to enforce the
- 9 agreement until it has been terminated by court order, by modification under
- 10 §39A203, or under Article 4.

11 § 39A203. Modification of Agreement.

- 12 (a) By mutual consent, the parents of a child may modify an agreement
- 13 regarding custodial responsibility made pursuant to this article.
- (b) If an agreement is modified under subsection (a) before deployment of a
- deploying parent, the modification must be in writing and signed by both parents
- and any nonparent who will exercise custodial responsibility under the modified
- 17 agreement.
- (c) If an agreement is modified under subsection (a) during deployment of a
- deploying parent, the modification must be agreed to in a record by both parents
- and any nonparent who will exercise custodial responsibility under the modified
- 21 agreement.
- 22 § 39A204. Power of Attorney. A deploying parent, by power of attorney, may
- 23 delegate all or part of custodial responsibility to an adult nonparent for the period
- of deployment if no other parent possesses custodial responsibility under law of
- 25 this state other than this act, or if a court order currently in effect prohibits contact
- between the child and the other parent. The deploying parent may revoke the
- 27 power of attorney by signing a revocation of the power."

§ 39A205. Filing Agreement of Power of Attorney with Court. An agreement and a 2 or power of attorney under this article must be filed within a reasonable time with 3 any court that has entered an order on custodial responsibility or child support that is in effect concerning the child who is the subject of the agreement or power. The 4 5 case number and heading of the pending case concerning custodial responsibility 6 or child support must be provided to the court with the agreement or power. 7 **ARTICLE 3** JUDICIAL PROCEDURE FOR GRANTING CUSTODIAL 8 9 RESPONSIBILITY DURING DEPLOYMENT. § 39A301. Definition. In this article, close and substantial relationship means a 10 relationship in which a significant bond exists between a child and a nonparent. 12 § 39A302. Proceeding for Temporary Custody Order. 13 (a) After a deploying parent receives notice of deployment and until the deployment terminates, a court may issue a temporary order granting custodial 14 15 responsibility unless prohibited by the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C. 16 Appendix Sections 521 and 522. A court may not issue a permanent order granting 17 custodial responsibility without the consent of the deploying parent. 18 (b) At any time after a deploying parent receives notice of deployment, 19 either parent may file a motion regarding custodial responsibility of a child during deployment. The motion must be filed in a pending proceeding for custodial 20 21 responsibility in a court with jurisdiction under § 39A104 or, if there is no pending proceeding in a court with jurisdiction under § 39A104 in a new action for granting 22 23 custodial responsibility during deployment. 24 § 39A303. Expedited Hearing. If a motion to grant custodial responsibility is 25 filed under §39A302 (b) before a deploying parent deploys, the court shall conduct

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an expedited hearing.

- § 39A304. Testimony by Electronic Means. In a proceeding under this article, a 1 2 party or witness who is not reasonably available to appear personally may appear, 3 provide testimony, and present evidence by electronic means unless the court finds 4 good cause to require a personal appearance. 5 § 39A305. Effect of Prior Judicial Order or Agreement. In a proceeding for a grant of custodial responsibility pursuant to this article, the following rules apply: 6 7 (a) A prior judicial order designating custodial responsibility in the event of 8 deployment is binding on the court unless the circumstances meet the requirements of law of this state other than this act for modifying a judicial order regarding 9 custodial responsibility. 10 11 (b) The court shall enforce a prior written agreement between the parents for 12 designating custodial responsibility in the event of deployment, including an 13 agreement executed under Article 2, unless the court finds that the agreement is 14 contrary to the best interest of the child. 15 § 39A306. Grant of Caretaking or Decision-Making Authority to Non-Parent. 16 (a) On motion of a deploying parent and in accordance with law of this state other than this act, if it is in the best interest of the child, a court may grant 17 18 caretaking authority to a nonparent who is an adult family member of the child or an adult with whom the child has a close and substantial relationship. 19 20 (b) Unless a grant of caretaking authority to a nonparent under subsection (a) 21 is agreed to by the other parent, the grant is limited to an amount of time not 22 greater than: (1) the amount of time granted to the deploying parent under a 23
 - permanent custody order, but the court may add unusual travel time necessary to transport the child; or

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(2) in the absence of a permanent custody order that is currently in effect, the amount of time that the deploying parent habitually cared for the

1	child before being notified of deployment, but the court may add unusual
2	travel time necessary to transport the child.
3	(c) A court may grant part of a deploying parent's decision-making authority,
4	if the deploying parent is unable to exercise that authority, to a n-onparent who is an
5	adult family member of the child or an adult with whom the child has a close and
6	substantial relationship. If a court grants the authority to a nonparent, the court
7	shall specify the decision-making powers granted, including decisions regarding
8	the child's education, religious training, health care, extracurricular activities, and
9	travel.
10	§ 39A307. Grant of Limited Contact. On motion of a deploying parent, and in
11	accordance with law of this state other than this act unless the court finds that the
12	contact would be contrary to the best interest of the child, a court shall grant
13	limited contact to a nonparent who is a family member of the child or an
14	individual with whom the child has a close and substantial relationship.
15	§ 39A308. Nature of Authority Created by Temporary Custody Order.
16	(a) A grant of authority under this article is temporary and terminates under
17	Article 4 after the return from deployment of the deploying parent, unless the grant
18	has been terminated before that time by court order. The grant does not create an
19	independent, continuing right to caretaking authority, decision-making authority,
20	or limited contact in an individual to whom it is granted.
21	(b) A nonparent granted caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or
22	limited contact under this article has standing to enforce the grant until it is
23	terminated by court order or under Article 4.
24	§ 39A309. Content of Temporary Custody Order.
25	(a) An order granting custodial responsibility under this article must:
26	(1) designate the order as temporary; and

1	(2) identify to the extent feasible the destination, duration, and
2	conditions of the deployment.
3	(b) If applicable, an order for custodial responsibility under this article must:
4	(1) specify the allocation of caretaking authority, decision-making
5	authority, or limited contact among the deploying parent, the other parent,
6	and any nonparent;
7	(2) if the order divides caretaking or decision-making authority
8	between individuals, or grants caretaking authority to one individual and
9	limited contact to another, provide a process to resolve any dispute that may
10	arise;
11	(3) provide for liberal communication between the deploying parent
12	and the child during deployment, including through electronic means, unless
13	contrary to the best interest of the child, and allocate any costs of
14	communications;
15	(4) provide for liberal contact between the deploying parent and the
16	child during the time the deploying parent is on leave or otherwise available,
17	unless contrary to the best interest of the child;
18	(5) provide for reasonable contact between the deploying parent and
19	the child after return from deployment until the temporary order is
20	terminated, even if the time of contact exceeds the time the deploying parent
21	spent with the child before entry of the temporary order; and
22	(6) provide that the order will terminate pursuant to Article 4 after the
23	deploying parent returns from deployment.
24	§ 39A310. Order for Child Support. If a court has issued an order granting
25	caretaking authority under this article, or an agreement granting caretaking
26	authority has been executed under Article 2, the court may enter a temporary order

y y	for child support consistent with law of this state other than this act if the court has
2	jurisdiction under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.
3	§ 39A311. Modifying or Terminating Grant of Custodial Responsibility to
4	Nonparent.
5	(a) Except for an order under §39A305, except as otherwise provided in
6	subsection (b), and consistent with the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C.
7	Appendix Sections 521 and 522, on motion of a deploying or other parent or any
8	nonparent to whom caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited
9	contact has been granted, the court may modify or terminate the grant if the
10	modification or termination is consistent with this article and it is in the best
parameter (interest of the child. A modification is temporary and terminates pursuant to
12	Article 4 after the deploying parent returns from deployment, unless the grant has
13	been terminated before that time by court order.
14	(b) On motion of a deploying parent, the court shall terminate a grant of
15	limited contact.
16	ARTICLE 4
17	RETURN FROM DEPLOYMENT
18	§ 39A401. Procedure for Terminating Temporary Grant of Custodial
19	Responsibility Established by Agreement.
20	(a) At any time after return from deployment, a temporary agreement
21	granting custodial responsibility under Article 2 may be terminated by an
22	agreement to terminate signed by the deploying parent and the other parent.
23	(b) A temporary agreement under Article 2 granting custodial responsibility
24	terminates:
25	(1) if an agreement to terminate under subsection (a) specifies a date
26	for termination, on that date; or

1	(2) if the agreement to terminate does not specify a date, on the date
2	the agreement to terminate is signed by the deploying parent and the other
3	parent.
4	(c) In the absence of an agreement under subsection (a) to terminate, a
5	temporary agreement granting custodial responsibility terminates under Article 2
6	sixty (60) days after the deploying parent gives notice to the other parent that the
7	deploying parent returned from deployment.
8	(d) If a temporary agreement granting custodial responsibility was filed with
9	a court pursuant to Section 205, an agreement to terminate the temporary
10	agreement also must be filed with that court within a reasonable time after the
11	signing of the agreement. The case number and heading of the case concerning
12	custodial responsibility or child support must be provided to the court with the
13	agreement to terminate.
14	§ 39A402. Consent Procedure for Terminating Temporary Grant of Custodial
15	Responsibility Established by Court Order. At any time after a deploying
16	parent returns from deployment, the deploying parent and the other parent may file
7	with the court an agreement to terminate a temporary order for custodial
18	responsibility issued under Article 3. After an agreement has been filed, the court
19	shall issue an order terminating the temporary order effective on the date specified
20	in the agreement. If a date is not specified, the order is effective immediately.
21	§ 39A403. Visitation Before Termination of Temporary Grant of Custodial
22	Responsibility. After a deploying parent returns from deployment until a

temporary agreement or order for custodial responsibility established under Article

2 or 3 is terminated, the court shall issue a temporary order granting the deploying

parent reasonable contact with the child unless it is contrary to the best interest of

the child, even if the time of contact exceeds the time the deploying parent spent

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with the child before deployment.

,	§ 39A404. Termination by Operation of Law of temporary Grant of
2	Custodial Responsibility Established by Court Order.
3	(a) If an agreement between the parties to terminate a temporary order for
4	custodial responsibility under Article 3 has not been filed, the order terminates 60
5	days after the deploying parent gives notice to the other parent and any nonparent
6	granted custodial responsibility that the deploying parent has returned from
7	deployment.
8	(b) A proceeding seeking to prevent termination of a temporary order for
9	custodial responsibility is governed by law of this state other than this act.
10	ARTICLE 5
A present	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.
12	§ 39A501. Uniformity of Application and Construction. In applying and
13	construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to promote
14	uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it. §
15	39A502. Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce
16	Act. This act modifies, limits, or supersedes the Electronic Signatures in Global
17	and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et seq., but does not modify,
18	limit, or supersede Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001(c), or
19	authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of
20	that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b).
21	§ 39A503. Savings Clause. This act does not affect the validity of a temporary
22	court order concerning custodial responsibility during deployment which was
23	entered before."